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graph TD
    ND[Nucleotide Data] --> AAS[Amino Acid Sequence]
    PD[Protein Data] --> AAS
    AAS --> PS[Physicochemical Sequence]
    PS --> MESP[Maximum Entropy Power Spectrum]
    MESP --> CD[Compute Dominant and Secondary Mode(s)]
    CD --> EFC[Eigenfunctions computed]
    CD --> CSLDM[Create Sequentially Lagged Data Matrix]
    CSLDM --> CCM[Compute Covariance Matrix of Lagged data matrix]
    CCM --> CSCEM[Compute and Sort Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of Covariance Matrix]
    CSCEM --> EFS[Eigenvalue spectrum for determination of Protein family membership]
    CSCEM --> CE[Compute each Eigenfunction as an Eigenvector weighted Physicochemical series]
    EFC --> CE
    CE --> CDCT[Compute Discrete and Continuous Wavelets, Wavelet Packets and Multiple Convolved Wavelet Transforms For Localization of Modes in Dilate and Sequence Spaces]
    CDCT --> SAA[Select amino acid distribution from physiological pools and/or sources of eigenvector, wavelet subsequence and/or redundant subsequence templates]
    SAA --> AP[Attached peptides by constrained random amino acid assignment to template]
  
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Flowchart illustrating the protein classification method:

- Nucleotide Data and Protein Data feed into Amino Acid Sequence.
- Amino Acid Sequence leads to Physicochemical Sequence.
- Physicochemical Sequence leads to Maximum Entropy Power Spectrum.
- Maximum Entropy Power Spectrum leads to Compute Dominant and Secondary Mode(s).
- Compute Dominant and Secondary Mode(s) branches into two paths:
  - Path 1: Eigenfunctions computed.
  - Path 2: Create Sequentially Lagged Data Matrix.
- Create Sequentially Lagged Data Matrix leads to Compute Covariance Matrix of Lagged data matrix.
- Compute Covariance Matrix of Lagged data matrix leads to Compute and Sort Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of Covariance Matrix.
- Compute and Sort Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of Covariance Matrix leads to Eigenvalue spectrum for determination of Protein family membership.
- Compute and Sort Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of Covariance Matrix also leads to Compute each Eigenfunction as an Eigenvector weighted Physicochemical series.
- Eigenfunctions computed also leads to Compute each Eigenfunction as an Eigenvector weighted Physicochemical series.
- Compute each Eigenfunction as an Eigenvector weighted Physicochemical series leads to Compute Discrete and Continuous Wavelets, Wavelet Packets and Multiple Convolved Wavelet Transforms For Localization of Modes in Dilate and Sequence Spaces.
- Compute Discrete and Continuous Wavelets, Wavelet Packets and Multiple Convolved Wavelet Transforms For Localization of Modes in Dilate and Sequence Spaces leads to Select amino acid distribution from physiological pools and/or sources of eigenvector, wavelet subsequence and/or redundant subsequence templates.
- Select amino acid distribution from physiological pools and/or sources of eigenvector, wavelet subsequence and/or redundant subsequence templates leads to the final output: Attached peptides by constrained random amino acid assignment to template.

Generate novel short analog mode-matched peptides by constrained random amino acid assignment to template

Figure 2

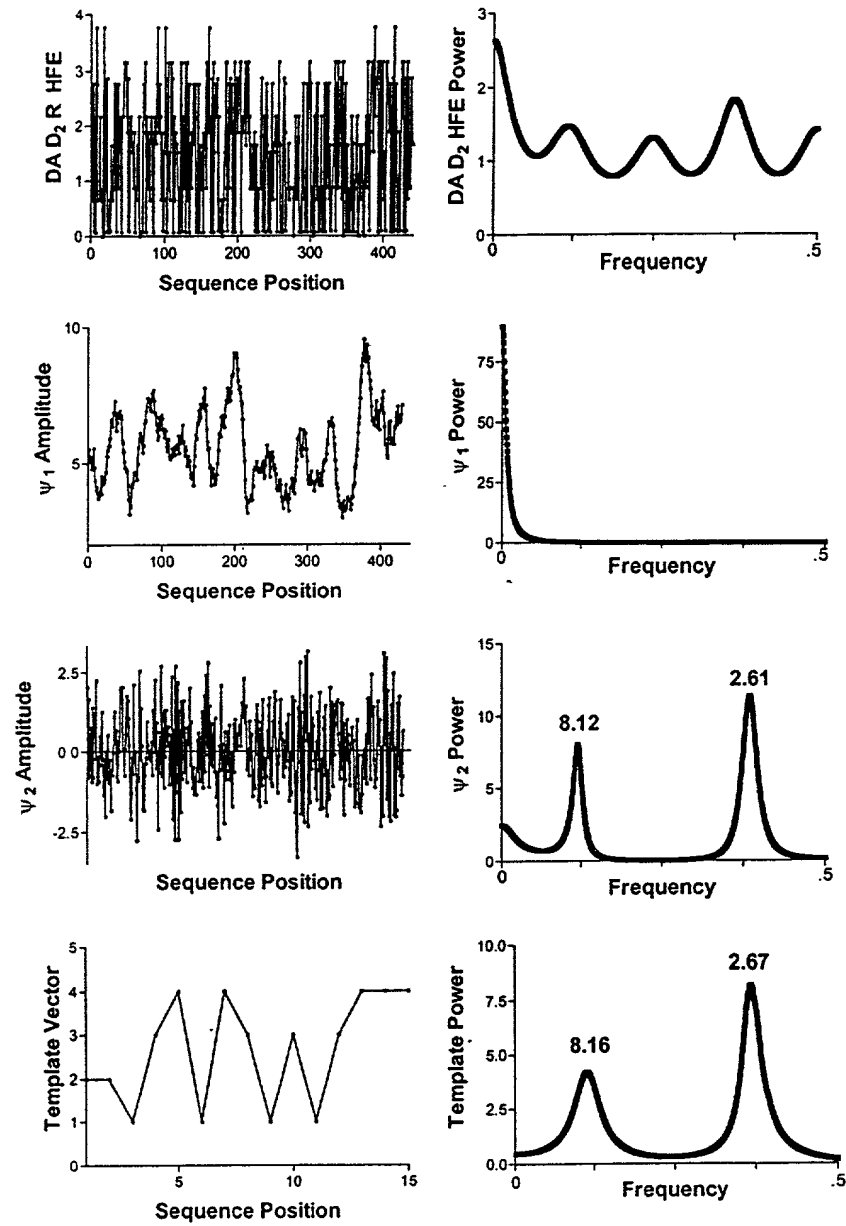


Fig. 3A

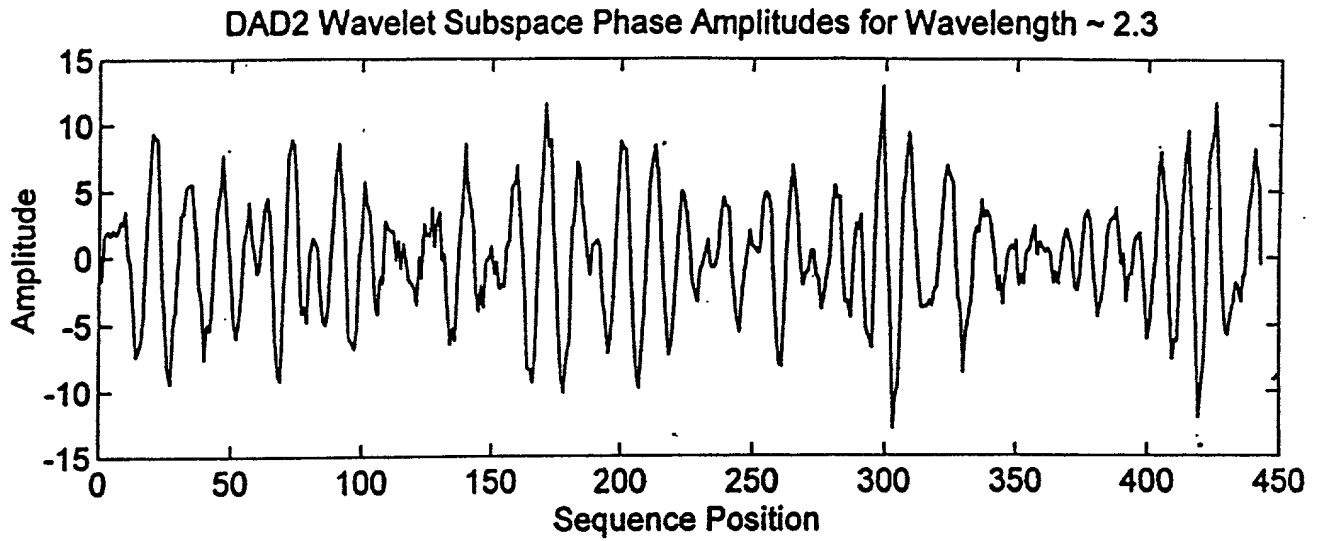


Fig. 3B

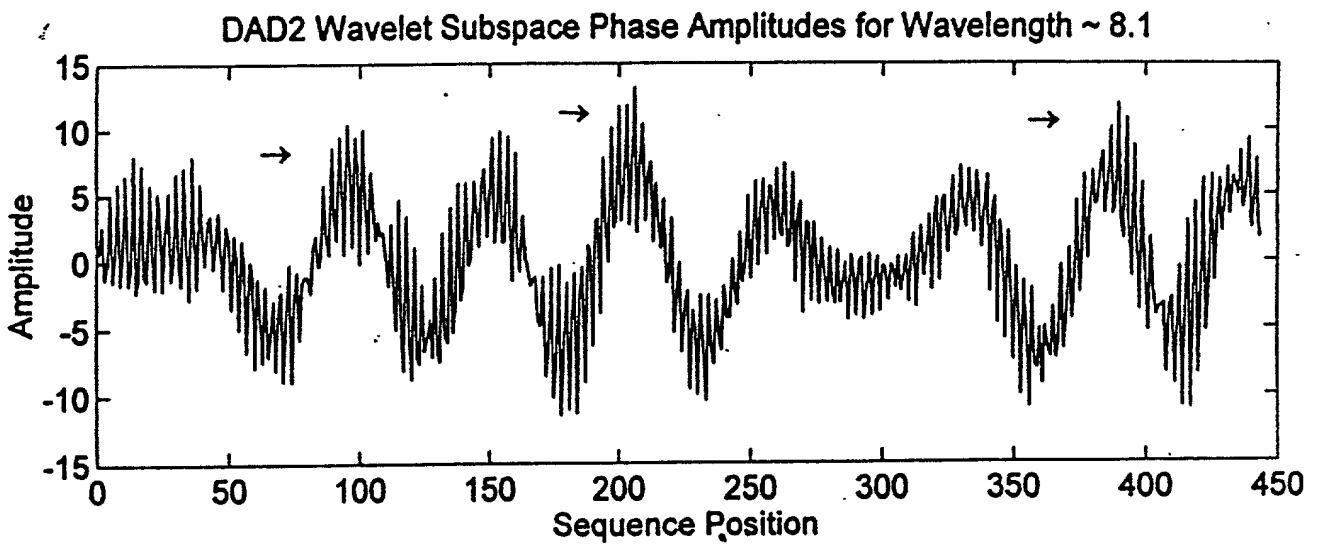


Fig. 4A

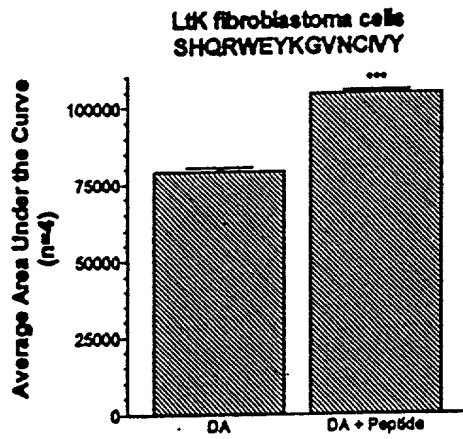


Fig. 4B

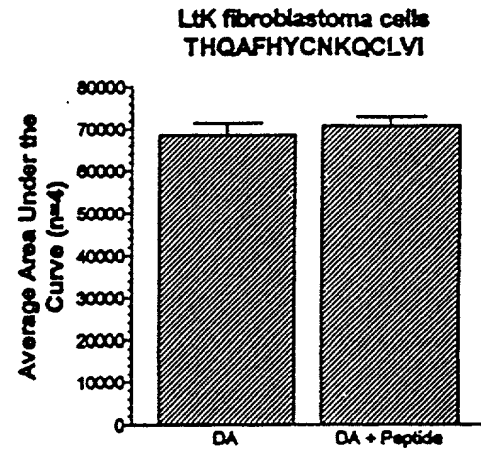


Fig. 4C

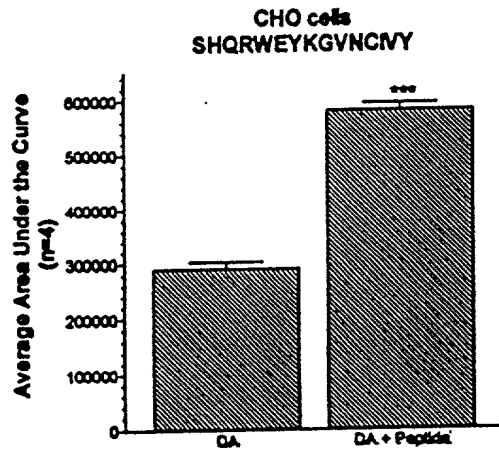
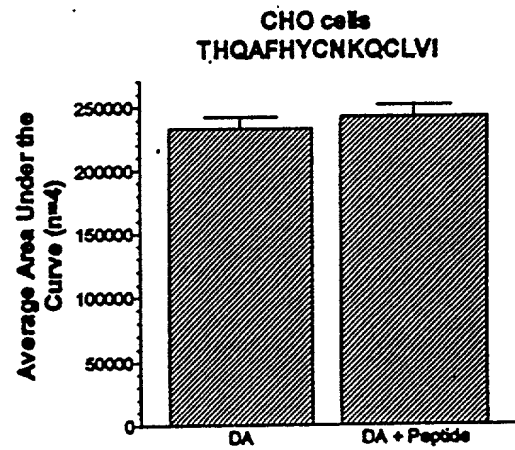


Fig. 4D



09767460.09479260

Fig. 5A

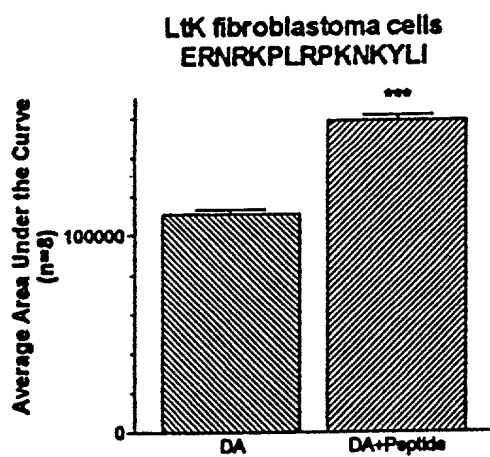


Fig. 5B

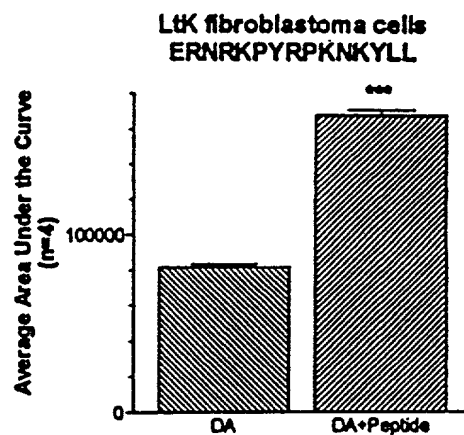


Fig. 5C

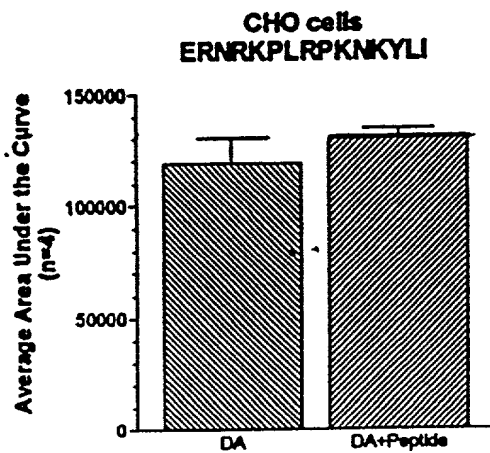


Fig. 5D

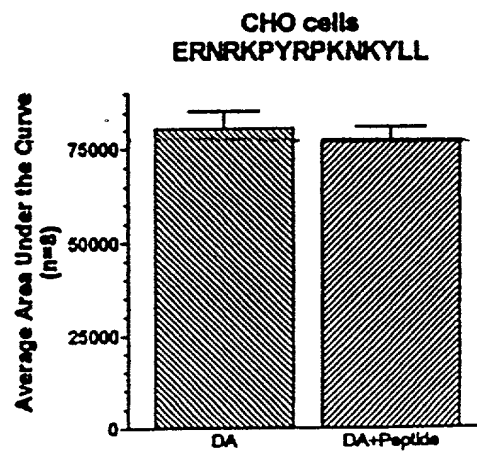
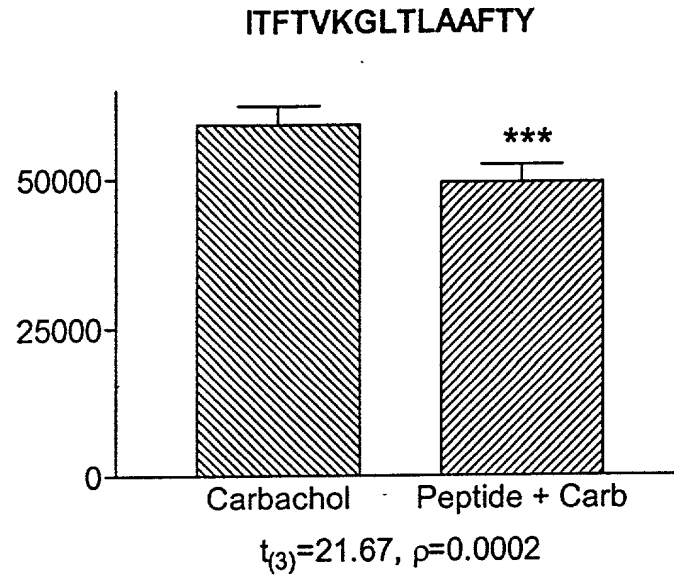


Figure 6

A



B

